## Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Balance Sheet as at 31 March,2017

|    |             |   | Notes    | As at<br>31-March-17<br>Rs. in lakhs | As at  31-March-16  Rs. in lakhs | As at<br>1-April-15<br>Rs. in lakhs |
|----|-------------|---|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| As | sets        |   |          | No. III Iamio                        | •                                |                                     |
| 1. | Non-        | current assets                                |          |                                      | 24.42                            | 22.04                               |
|    | a.          | Property, plant and equipment                 | 5        | 18.25                                | 24.40                            | 22.84                               |
|    | b.          | Financial assets                              | _        | 2 000 00                             | 72                               | 9                                   |
|    |             | Other financial assets                        | 6<br>19  | 3,000.00<br>661.60                   | 574.57                           | 568.38                              |
|    | C.          | Deferred tax assets (net)                     | 11       | 001.00                               | 3.961.17                         | 4,143.72                            |
|    | d.          | Other non-current assets                      | 11       |                                      |                                  |                                     |
|    | Total       | non-current assets                            |          | 3,679.85                             | 4,560.14                         | 4.734.94                            |
| 2. | Curr        | ent assets                                    |          |                                      |                                  |                                     |
|    | a.          | Inventories                                   | 7        | 17,649.99                            | 11,742.62                        | 12,277.98                           |
|    | b.          | Financial assets                              | _        |                                      | 2 205 17                         | 4 427 0                             |
|    |             | <ol> <li>Trade recelvables</li> </ol>         | 8        | 2,758.66                             | 3,385.17                         | 4,437.04                            |
|    |             | <ol> <li>Cash and cash equivalents</li> </ol> | 9        | 6.40                                 | 424.82                           | 112.24                              |
|    |             | iii. Other financial assets                   | 6        | 4.42                                 | 20.32                            | 20.3                                |
|    | c.          | Current tax assets (net)                      | 10       | 65.42                                | 92.19                            | 71.2                                |
|    | d.          | Other current assets                          | 11       | 11,564.56                            | 10,907.18                        | 8,297.5                             |
|    | Total       | current assets                                |          | 32,049.45                            | 26,572.30                        | 25,216.32                           |
|    | Tota        | l assets                                      |          | 35,729.30                            | 31,132.44                        | 29,951.20                           |
| l. | Equit<br>a. | Equity share capital                          | 12<br>13 | 328.21<br>11.955.21                  | 328.21<br>12,578.66              | 328.2<br>12.603.3                   |
|    | b.          | Other equity                                  | 13       |                                      |                                  |                                     |
|    | Total       | Equity  |          | 12,283.42                            | 12,906.87                        | 12,931.5                            |
| ≥. | Liabi       | lities  |          |                                      |                                  |                                     |
|    | Non-        | current liabilities                           |          |                                      |                                  |                                     |
|    | a.          | Financial liabilities                         | 14       | 20,177.98                            | 7,578.26                         | 7,578.2                             |
|    |             | I. Borrowings                                 | 14       | 20,177.90                            | 7,370.20                         | 7,570.2                             |
|    | Total       | non-current liabilities                       |          | 20,177.98                            | 7,578.26                         | 7,578.2                             |
|    | Curr        | ent liabilities                               |          |                                      |                                  |                                     |
|    | a.          | Financial liabilities                         |          |                                      |                                  |                                     |
|    |             | i. Borrowings                                 | 14       | 2                                    |                                  | 2.6                                 |
|    |             | ii. Trade Pavables                            | 15       | 1,128.03                             | 1,261.08                         | 1,220.4                             |
|    |             | iii. Other financial liabilities              | 16       | 1,939.12                             | 9,016.67                         | 7,939.7                             |
|    | b.          | Other current liabilities                     | 17       | 200.17                               | 369.36                           | 274.9                               |
|    |             | Provisions                                    | 18       | 0.58<br>3,267.90                     | 10,647.32                        | <u>3.6</u><br>9,441.4               |
|    | C.          |   |          | 3.7h/.4tl                            | 10,047.32                        |                                     |
|    |             | current liabilities                           |          | 0,4,07100                            |                                  |                                     |
|    | Total       | current liabilities                           |          | 23,445.88                            | 18,225.58                        | 17.019.7                            |

In terms of our report attached

For S. N. Dhawan & Co. LLP

(Formerly S. N. Dhawan & Co.)

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 000050N/N500045

Vinesh Jain

statements

Partner Membership No. 087701

Place: Delhi Date: 29 May, 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashish Jain

Director

DIN: 06814151

Yogesh Jain

Director

DIN: 00088662

Atul Kumar Gupta Company Secretary

Place: Delhi

Date: 29 May, 2017

Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March, 2017

| PARTICULARS   | Notes | Year ended<br>31 March, 2017 | Year ended<br>31 March, 2016 |
|---|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|   |       | Rs. in lakhs                 | Rs. in lakhs                 |
| I Beverue from enerations   | 20    | 1,526.15                     | 3,658.28                     |
| I Revenue from operations   | 21    | 27.45_                       | 10.75                        |
| II Other income   |       | 1,553.60                     | 3,669.03                     |
| II Total income (I + II)  |       |                              |                              |
| V Expenses  |       | 364.55                       | 822.21                       |
| Cost of materials consumed  |       | 261,27                       | 467.07                       |
| <ul> <li>b. Contract cost, labour and other charges</li> </ul>    |       | 5.785.50                     | 407.07                       |
| c. Purchases of stock-in-trade                                    |       | (5,907.38)                   | 535.36                       |
| d. Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and |       | (5,907.36)                   | 35,50                        |
| finished goods e. Employee benefits expense                       | 22    | 10.55                        | 11.20                        |
| e. Employee benefits expense  f. Finance costs                    | 23    | 1,457,42                     | 1,166.52                     |
|   | 24    | 6.15                         | 4.15                         |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense     Other expenses          | 25    | 281.17                       | 693.36                       |
| Total expenses (IV)   |       | 2,259.23                     | 3,699.87                     |
| / Profit/(loss) before tax (III-IV)                               |       | (705.63)                     | (30.84                       |
| 40  | 26    |                              |                              |
| /I Tax expense/(benefit):   | 20    |                              | -                            |
| a. Current tax  |       | 4.85                         | -                            |
| b. Tax adjustment for earlier years                               |       | (87.02)                      | (6.19                        |
| c. Deferred tax charge/(credit)                                   |       | (82.18)                      | (6.19                        |
| II Profit/(loss) for the year (V - VI)                            |       | (623.45)                     | (24.65                       |
| III Other comprehensive income                                    |       | 9                            | . 4                          |
| X Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)            |       | (623.45)                     | (24.65                       |
| Section and the share (face value Bo 10 per share)                | 35    |                              |                              |
| K. Earnings per equity share (face value Rs. 10 per share)        |       | (19.00)                      | (0.75                        |
| a. Basic (in Rs.)   |       | (19.00)                      | (0.75                        |
| b. Diluted (in Rs.)   |       | (15.00)                      | (0.75                        |
| ee accompanying notes to the financial statements                 | 1-44  | For andion behalf of the B   | Soard of Directors           |
|   |       | Dishya"                      |                              |
| terms of our report attached                                      | Λ     | or (1.                       | 1801                         |
| or S. N. Dhawan & Co. LLP   | 0     | ro T                         |                              |
| ormerly S. N. Dhawan & Co.)                                       | 1     | Ashish Jain                  | Yogesh Jain                  |
| partered Accountants  |       | Director                     | Director                     |
|   |       | DIN: 06814151                | DIN: 00088662                |
| m's Registration No. 000050N/N500045                              |       | 0                            |                              |

Partner

Membership No. 087701

Place: Delhi

Date: 29 May, 2017

Atul Kumar Gupta

Company Secretary

Place: Delhi

Date: 29 May, 2017

#### Parsynath Landmark Developers Private Limited Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March, 2017

#### **Equity Share Capital**

| Particulars  | Rs. in lakhs |
|--|--------------|
| Balance as at 1 April, 2015  | 328.21       |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year                              | 220.24       |
| Balance as at 31 March, 2016 Changes in equity share capital during the year | 328.21       |
| Balance as at 31 March, 2017   | 328.21       |

| Other Equity Reserves and surplus   |                                  |                    |                                    |                      | Rs. in lakhs |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Particulars   | Securities<br>premium<br>reserve | General<br>Reserve | Debenture<br>redemption<br>reserve | Retained<br>earnings | Total        |
| Balance as at 1 April, 2015   | 3,849.52                         | 1,350.00           | <b>4</b> 3                         | 7,403.79             | 12,603.31    |
| Profit for the year   | 020                              | 868                |                                    | (24.65)              | (24.65)      |
| Other comprehensive income for the year                                       |                                  | 1/2:               | 521                                | (#)                  | (#)          |
| Balance as at 31 March, 2016  | 3,849.52                         | 1,350.00           | =                                  | 7,379.14             | 12,578.66    |
| Profit for the year   | -                                |                    | -                                  | (623.45)             | (623.45)     |
| Other comprehensive income for the year<br>Transfer from retained earnings to |                                  | (5)                | •                                  | n <u>e</u> r         | 741          |
| debenture redemption reserve  | (9)                              |                    | 5,000.00                           | (5,000.00)           |              |
| Balance as at 31 March, 2017  | 3,849.52                         | 1,350.00           | 5,000.00                           | 1,755.68             | 11,955.21    |

During the year, the Company has issued redeemable debentures amounting to Rs. 20,000 lakhs. In accordance with 'The Companies (Share Capital and debenture) Rules, 2014', the Company has created "Debenture Redemption Reserves' equivalent to 25% of the value of debentures issued.

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

In terms of our report attached For S. N. Dhawan & Co. LLP (Formerly S. N. Dhawan & Co.) Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 000050N/N500045

Vinesh Jain Partner Membership No. 087701

Place: Delhi Date: 29 May, 2017 behalf of the Board of Directors

Yogesh Jain

DIN: 00088662

Director

Director

DIN: 06814151

Atul Kumar Gupta Company Secretary

Place: Delhi Date: 29 May, 2017

#### Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March, 2017

| Particulars   | Year ended<br>31 March, 2017 | Year ended<br>31 March, 2016 |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|   | Rs. in lakhs                 | Rs. in lakhs                 |
| A. Cash flows from operating activities                   |                              |                              |
| Profit/(loss) before tax                                  | (705.63)                     | (30.84)                      |
| Adjustments for :   |                              |                              |
| Finance costs recognised in statement of profit and loss  | 1,428.60                     | 1,110.42                     |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense                     | 6.15                         | 4.15                         |
|   | 729.12                       | 1,083.73                     |
| Adjustments for:  |                              |                              |
| (Increase)/decrease in inventories                        | (5,907.38)                   | 535.36                       |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables        | 626.53                       | 1,051.87                     |
| (Increase)/decrease in other non-current financial assets | (3,000.00)                   | ##.U                         |
| (Increase)/decrease in other current financial assets     | 15.90                        |                              |
| (Increase)/decrease in other non-current assets           | 3,961.17                     | 182.55                       |
| (Increase)/decrease in other current assets               | (657.38)                     | (2,609.68)                   |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade payables                     | (133.05)                     | 40.66                        |
| Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities        | (106.06)                     | 20.57                        |
| Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities                  | (169.19)                     | 94.41                        |
| Increase/(decrease) in provisions                         | 0,36                         | (3.48)                       |
| Cash generated from operations                            | (4,639,97)                   | 395.99                       |
| Income taxes paid (net)                                   | (21.93)                      | (20.96)                      |
| Net cash (used in)/generated by operating activities      | (4,618.05)                   | 375.03                       |
|   |                              |                              |
| B. Cash flows from investing activities                   |                              |                              |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment                 | <u> </u>                     | (5.71)                       |
| Net Cash (used in)/generated by investing activities      |                              | (5.71)                       |
| C. Cash flows from financing activities                   |                              |                              |
| Proceeds from borrowings                                  | 20,177.98                    | -2.69                        |
| Repayment of borrowings                                   | (12,244.93)                  | 121                          |
| Interest paid   | (3,733.41)                   | (54.05)                      |
| Net Cash (used in)/generated by financing activities      | 4,199.63                     | (56.73)                      |
| Net increase in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)         | (418.42)                     | 312.59                       |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year    | 424.82                       | 112.23                       |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year          | 6.40                         | 424.82                       |

<sup>1)</sup> The statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect method' as set out in Ind AS 7 on 'Statements of cash flows',

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

In terms of our report attached For S. N. Dhawan & Co. LLP (Formerly S. N. Dhawan & Co.) Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 000050N/N500045

Partner

Membership No. 087701

Place: Delhi Date: 29 May, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Yogesh Jain

DIN: 00088662

Director

Ashish Jain Director

DIN: 06814151

Atul Kumar Gupta

Company Secretary

Place: Delhi

Date: 29 May, 2017

<sup>2)</sup> Figures in brackets indicate cash outflows.

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 6 October, 2003 and became a subsidiary of Parsvnath Developers Limited with effect from 5 March, 2007. During the year The Company became wholly owned subsidiary of Parsvnath Developers Limited. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of promotion, construction, development of residential buildings, flats, apartments, integrated township etc.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the Ind AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Upto the year ended 31 March, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (hereinafter referred to as 'Previous GAAP'). These are the Company's first Ind AS financial statements. The date of transition to Ind AS is 1 April, 2015. The financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2016 and the opening balance sheet as at 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2015 have been restated in accordance with Ind AS for comparative information. Refer Note 3 for the details of first-time adoption exemptions availed by the Company and note 37 for reconciliation and explanations of the effect of the transition from Previous GAAP to Ind AS on the Company's Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise stated.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise indicated.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

#### The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### 2.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that economic benefit will flow to the Company and that the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payments and excluding taxes and duties collected on behalf of the Government. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

## Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

i. Revenue from real estate projects is recognised when it is reasonable certain that ultimate collection will be made. Revenue from real estate project including integrated townships is recognised on transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership of such property, which generally coincides execution of agreement to sell/application form (containing salient features of agreement to sell).

Revenue from constructed properties, where the Company still has obligations to perform substantial acts even after the transfer of all significant risk and rewards, is recognised by applying the percentage of completion method, provided following conditions are met as at the reporting date:

- a. all critical approvals necessary for commencement of the project have been obtained;
- b. the expenditure incurred on construction and development costs (excluding land and finance cost) is not less than 25 % of the total estimated construction and development costs;
- c. at least 25% of the saleable project area is secured by contracts or agreements with buyers; and
- d. at least 10% of the contract consideration as per the agreements of sale/application form are realised at the reporting date in respect of such agreement and it is reasonable to expect that parties to the agreement will comply with payment terms as defined in the agreement.

When the outcome of a real estate project can be estimated reliably and the above conditions are satisfied, revenue is recognised by following the 'Percentage of Completion Method' of accounting. Revenue is recognised, in relation to the sold areas only, on the basis of percentage of actual cost incurred thereon (including land) as against the total estimated cost of the project under execution. The estimates of saleable area and costs are revised periodically by the management. The effect of such changes to estimates is recognised in the period such changes are determined.

- ii. In case of joint development projects, wherein land owner provides land and the Company acts as a developer and in lieu of land, the Company has agreed to transfer certain percentage of the revenue proceeds, the revenue is accounted on gross basis. In case, where, in lieu of the land, the Company has agreed to transfer certain percentage of constructed area, revenue is recognised in respect of Company's share of constructed area to the extent of Company's percentage share of the underlying real estate development project.
- iii. Revenue from sale of land without any significant development is recognised when the sale agreement is executed resulting in transfer of all significant risk and rewards of ownership and possession is handed over to the buyer. Revenue is recognised, when transfer of legal title to the buyer is not a condition precedent for transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer.
- iv. Revenue from sale of development rights is recognised when agreements are executed.
- vi The revenue on account of interest on delayed payment by customers and expenditure on account of compensation / penalty for project delays are accounted for at the time of acceptance / settlement with the customers due to uncertainties with regard to determination of amount receivable / payable.
- x. Interest income on bank deposits is recognised on accrual basis on a time proportion basis. Interest income on other financial instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

#### 2.4 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised/inventorised until the time all substantial activities necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for their intended use are complete. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.



#### 2.5 Employee benefits

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits in respect of wages and salaries, performance incentives, leaves etc. are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

Gratuity to employees and liability for balance of unavailed earned leave due to employees is provided as per management estimate of the liability based on period of service and last salary drawn.

#### 2.6 Taxation

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax**

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year calculated in accordance with the Income Tax Act and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding amounts used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at their cost of acquisition/construction, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, directly attributable costs for making the asset ready for its intended use, borrowing costs attributable to construction of qualifying asset, upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is included in the carrying amount only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standards of performance.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from the use. Any gain or loss arising on re-recognition to the asset is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress'



#### 2.8 Depreciation on property, plant and equipment and investment property

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight line basis as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly the useful life of the assets taken is as under:

| Asset                 | Useful life |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Plant and equipment   | 8 years     |
| Furniture and fixture | 8 years     |
| Vehicles              | 8 years     |

#### 2.9 Impairment of tangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.10 Inventories

Inventory comprises completed property for sale and property under construction (work-in-progress),

Land cost, construction cost, direct expenditure relating to construction activity and borrowing cost during construction period is inventorised to the extent the expenditure is directly attributable to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Costs incurred/items purchased specifically for projects are taken as consumed as and when incurred/received.

- i. Completed unsold inventory is valued at lower of cost and net relisable value. Cost of inventories are determined by including cost of land (including development rights), internal development cost, external development charges, materials, services, related overheads and apportioned borrowing costs.
- ii. Work in progress is valued at lower of cost and net relisable value. Work-in-progress represents costs incurred in respect of unsold area of the real estate projects or costs incurred on projects where the revenue is yet to be recognised. Cost comprises cost of land (including development charges), internal development cost, external development charges, materials, services, overhead related to projects under construction and apportioned borrowing costs.

#### 2.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.



The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used the increase in the provisions due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

#### 2.12 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability, but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

#### 2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprises cash on hand, cash at bank and short-term deposits with banks with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.14 Unbilled receivables

Unbilled receivables represent revenue recognised on 'Percentage of Completion Method' less amount due from customers as per payment plans adopted by them.

#### 2.15 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all period presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations.

#### 2.16 Current/non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification. As asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period;
- Cash and cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.



All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

#### 2.17 Operating cycle

The operating cycle is the time gap between the acquisition of the asset for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 48 months for real estate projects and 12 months for others for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

#### 2.18 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.19 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts)



through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit -adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets). The Company estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) through the expected life of that financial instrument.

The Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. 12-month expected credit losses are portion of the life-time expected credit losses and represent the lifetime cash shortfalls that will result if default occurs within the 12 months after the reporting date and thus, are not cash shortfalls that are predicted over the next 12 months.

If the Company's measured loss allowance for a financial instrument at lifetime expected credit loss model in the previous period, but determines at the end of a reporting period that the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition due to improvement in credit quality as compared to the previous period, the Company again measures the loss allowance based on 12-month expected credit losses.

When making the assessment of whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses. To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 18, the Company always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.



On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g. when the Company retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset), the Company allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

#### 2.20 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company, and commitments issued by the Company to provide a loan at below-market interest rate are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

#### Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies or is held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading or contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies, may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:



# Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

 such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise;

 the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or

it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and Ind AS 109 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL in accordance with Ind AS

109.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

However, for non-held-for-trading financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case these effects of changes in credit risk are recognised in profit or loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is always recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are reflected immediately in retained earnings and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Gains or losses on financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments issued by the Company that are designated by the Company as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.



#### 3. First-time adoption - exceptions applied

#### 3.1 Overall principle

Financial statements, for the year ended March 31, 2017, have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). The Company's opening balance sheet has been prepared as at April 1, 2015, the date of transition to Ind AS. The Company has prepared the opening balance sheet as of April 1, 2015 (the transition date) by recognising all assets and liabilities whose recognition is required by Ind AS, not recognising items of assets or liabilities which are not permitted by Ind AS, by reclassifying items from previous GAAP to Ind AS as required under Ind AS, and applying Ind AS in measurement of recognised assets and liabilities. However, this principle is subject to certain exception and certain optional exemptions availed by the Company as detailed below.

#### 3.2 Deemed cost for property, plant and equipment

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition.

#### 3.3 Classification of debt instruments

The Company has determined the classification of debt instruments in terms of whether they meet the amortised cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria based on the facts and circumstances that existed as of the transition date.

### 4. Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that these assumptions and estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known/materialise.

#### 4.1 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised by following percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is measured by reference to percentage cost incurred till date to estimated total cost of the project. The Company estimates total cost of the project at the time of launch of the project. These are reviewed at each reporting date. Significant assumptions are required in determining the stage of completion and the estimated total contract cost. These estimates are based on events existing at the end of each reporting date.

#### 4.2 Net realisable value of inventory

Inventory of real estate property including work-in-progress is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value (NRV). NRV of completed property is assessed by reference to market prices existing at the reporting date and based on comparable transactions made by the Company and/or identified by the Company for properties in same geographical area. NRV of properties under construction/development is assessed with reference to marked value of completed property as at the reporting date less estimated cost to complete.

#### 4.3 Deferred tax assets

Recognition of deferred tax assets is based on estimates of taxable profits in future years. The Company prepares detailed cash flow and profitability projections, which are reviewed by the board of directors of the Company.

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#### Parsynath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

#### 4.4 Others

Significant judgements and other estimates and assumptions that may have the significant effect on the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in future years are:

a. Useful life of property, plant and equipmentb. Measurement of contingent liabilities and expected cash outflows

c. Provision for expected credit losses



#### 5. Property, plant and equipment

|  | As at        | As at        | As at        |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|  | 31-March-17  | 31-March-16  | 1-April-15   |
|  | Rs. in lakhs | Rs. in lakhs | Rs. in lakhs |
| Net Carrying amounts of :  a. Plant and equipment b. Furniture and fixture c. Vehicles | 16.92        | 22.26        | 20.20        |
|  | 0.07         | 0.24         | 0.26         |
|  | 1.26         | 1.90         | 2.38         |
| Total  | 18.25        | 24.40        | 22.84        |

|  | Plant and equipment | Furniture and fixture | Vehicles     | Total          |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|
|  | Rs. in lakhs        | Rs. in lakhs          | Rs. in lakhs | Rs. in lakhs   |
| Cost or deemed cost                                |                     |                       |              |                |
| Balance as at 1 April, 2015 (Deemed cost)          | 20.20<br>5.71       | 0.26                  | 2.38         | 22.84<br>5.71  |
| Additions  Balance as at 31 March, 2016            | 25.91               | 0.26                  | 2.38         | 28.55          |
| Additions  |                     | 2                     | -            | -              |
| Disposals  Balance as at 31 March, 2017            | 25.91               | 0.26                  | 2.38         | 28.55          |
| Accumulated depreciation                           |                     |                       |              |                |
| Balance as at 1 April, 2015                        | 2                   | -                     | 947          |                |
| Depreciation expense  Balance as at 31 March, 2016 | 3.65<br>3.65        | 0.02<br><b>0.02</b>   | 0.48         | 4.15<br>4.15   |
| D  | 5.34                | 0.17                  | 0.64         | 6.15           |
| Depreciation expense  Balance as at 31 March, 2017 | 8.99                | 0.19                  | 1.12         | 10.30          |
| Net Carrying amount                                |                     |                       |              |                |
| Balance as at 1 April, 2015                        | 20.20               | 0.26                  | 2.38         | 22.84          |
| Balance as at 31 March, 2016                       | 22.26               | 0.24                  | 1.90         | 24.40<br>18.25 |
| Balance as at 31 March, 2017                       | 16.92               | 0.07                  | 1.26         | 18.23          |

The Company has elected to measure all its property, plant and equipment at the previous GAAP carrying amounts as at 31 March, 2015 as its deemed cost as on the date of transition to Ind AS on 1 April, 2015.

The information regarding gross block of assets and accumulated depreciation under previous GAAP is as under:

|                                       | Plant and equipment | Furniture and fixture | Vehicles     | Total        |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                       | Rs. in lakhs        | Rs. in lakhs          | Rs. in lakhs | Rs. in lakhs |
| As at 1 April. 2015<br>Gross block    | 88.51               | 36.57                 | 5.29         | 130.37       |
|                                       | 68.31               | 36.31                 | 2.91         | 107.53       |
| Accumulated depreciation<br>Net block | 20.20               | 0.26                  | 2.38         | 22.84        |
| As at 31 March, 2016                  | 94.22               | 36.57                 | 5.29         | 136.08       |
| Gross block                           | 71.96               | 36.33                 | 3.39         | 111.68       |
| Accumulated depreciation Net block    | 22.26               | 0.24                  | 1.90         | 24.40        |

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Parsynath Landmark Developers Private Limited

|  |  | As at<br>31-March-17   | As at<br>31-March-16   | As at<br>1-April-15<br>Rs. in lakhs  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 011 A  | in a rial accept   | Rs. in lakhs   | Rs. in lakhs   | Rs. In lakns   |
| Other f  | nancial assets   |  |  |  |
| Non-Cu   | rrent<br>rity deposits to related party  | 3,000.00_  | N <del>T</del> A   | 549  |
| a. Sect  | Tity deposits to related party   | 3,000.00   |  |  |
| Current  |  |  |  | 20.2   |
|  | rity deposits  | 4.42   | <u>20,32</u><br><b>20,32</b>   | 20.3<br>20.3   |
|  |  | 7,72   |  |  |
| Invent   |  |  |  |  |
| (lower   | of cost and net realisable value)  |  | 44 742 62  | 12 277 0   |
|  | rk-in-progress   | 11,864.49<br>5,785.50  | 11,742.62<br>-   | 12,277.9   |
| b. Fin   | shed goods - plots of land   | 17,649.99  | 11,742.62  | 12,277.9   |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Note:  | mpany has classified its inventory of wo   | ork-in-progress and finished pr  | operties as current.   |  |
|  | of inventory expected to be realised aff   |  |  | nder:  |
| Details  | of inventory expected to be realised an  | er more than 12 months from  |  |  |
|  | ess than 12 months   | 2,000.00<br>15,649.99_   | 1,200.00<br>10,542.62  | 2,900.0<br>9,377.9   |
| ľ  | ore than 12 months   | 17,649.99  | 11,742.62  | 12,277.9   |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade I  | eceivable  |  |  |  |
| Curren   |  | 2 126  |  |  |
|  | cured, considered good<br>secured, considered good   | 2,758.66   | 3,385.17   | 4,437.0  |
| D. OII   | secured, considered good   | 2,758.66   | 3,385.17   | 4,437.0  |
| outs   | average credit period is 30 days. For tanding balances.  |  |  |  |
| 1. The outs 2. The constitutions flat constitutions.   | average credit period is 30 days. For tanding balances.  real estate sales are made on the bastruction linked payment plans, invoice buyer agreement. The final possession sideration. The possession of the proper pany does not expects any credit losse   | sis of cash down payment or<br>is raised on the customer in<br>of the property is offered to t<br>erty remains with the Compar   | construction linked paymaccordance with milestone  | nent plans. In case<br>as achieved as per layment of full value  |
| 1. The outs 2. The constitution flat constitution Constitution 3. Sale   | real estate sales are made on the bas<br>struction linked payment plans, invoice<br>buyer agreement. The final possession<br>sideration. The possession of the prope   | sis of cash down payment or<br>is raised on the customer in<br>of the property is offered to t<br>erty remains with the Compar<br>s.   | construction linked paym<br>accordance with milestone<br>he customer subject to pa<br>y till full payment is real  | nent plans. In case<br>es achieved as per l<br>yment of full value<br>ised. Accordingly, l   |
| 1. The outs 2. The consistence of c    | real estate sales are made on the bas<br>struction linked payment plans, invoice<br>buyer agreement. The final possession<br>sideration. The possession of the prope<br>apany does not expects any credit losse<br>as are generally made to individual cus-<br>ustomers  | sis of cash down payment or<br>is raised on the customer in<br>of the property is offered to t<br>erty remains with the Compar<br>s.   | construction linked paym<br>accordance with milestone<br>he customer subject to pa<br>y till full payment is real  | nent plans. In case<br>is achieved as per t<br>yment of full value<br>ised. Accordingly, t   |
| <ol> <li>The outs</li> <li>The constitutions</li> <li>The constitutions</li> <li>Sale of c</li> </ol>  | real estate sales are made on the bas<br>struction linked payment plans, invoice<br>buyer agreement. The final possession<br>sideration. The possession of the proper<br>apany does not expects any credit losses<br>as are generally made to individual cus-<br>sustomers   | sis of cash down payment or<br>is raised on the customer in<br>of the property is offered to t<br>erty remains with the Compar<br>s.   | construction linked paym<br>accordance with milestone<br>he customer subject to pa<br>y till full payment is real  | ment plans. In case as achieved as per to syment of full value ised. Accordingly, to the customer or growth as a second s |
| <ol> <li>The outs</li> <li>The consider consider consider consider consider consider consider and a. Balana.</li> </ol>  | real estate sales are made on the bas<br>struction linked payment plans, invoice<br>buyer agreement. The final possession<br>sideration. The possession of the prope<br>apany does not expects any credit losse<br>as are generally made to individual cus-<br>ustomers  | sis of cash down payment or is raised on the customer in of the property is offered to terty remains with the Compars.  tomers and there is no concer  | construction linked paymaccordance with milestone he customer subject to pay till full payment is real intration of credit to a sing   | nent plans. In case is achieved as per to syment of full value ised. Accordingly, to gle customer or growth.   |
| <ol> <li>The outs</li> <li>The consider consider</li></ol>  | real estate sales are made on the basistruction linked payment plans, invoice buyer agreement. The final possession sideration. The possession of the property does not expects any credit losses are generally made to individual cusustomers  Indicash equivalents  ances with banks   | sis of cash down payment or is raised on the customer in of the property is offered to terty remains with the Compars.  tomers and there is no conce   | construction linked paymaccordance with milestone he customer subject to pay till full payment is real ntration of credit to a sing  | nent plans. In case is achieved as per legyment of full value ised. Accordingly, fall customer or grows as a second secon |
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| <ol> <li>The outs</li> <li>The consider the consideration that consider the consideration that considerate the considerate that conside</li></ol> | real estate sales are made on the basistruction linked payment plans, invoice buyer agreement. The final possession sideration. The possession of the proper apany does not expects any credit losses are generally made to individual customers  and cash equivalents  ances with banks eques, drafts on hand   | sis of cash down payment or is raised on the customer in of the property is offered to terty remains with the Compars.  tomers and there is no concermance in the con | construction linked paymaccordance with milestone he customer subject to pay till full payment is real entration of credit to a sing 419.72  | nent plans. In case is achieved as per tryment of full value ised. Accordingly, for the customer or growth of the customer of the customer of the customer of the customer or growth of the customer of the customer of the customer or growth of the customer of th |
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| 1. The outs 2. The consistence of constant and an and an an and an   | real estate sales are made on the bastruction linked payment plans, invoice buyer agreement. The final possession sideration. The possession of the proper appary does not expects any credit losses are generally made to individual customers  and cash equivalents  ances with banks eques, drafts on hand sh on hand  t tax assets (net)  refund receivable                                      | sis of cash down payment or its raised on the customer in of the property is offered to the crity remains with the Compars.  tomers and there is no concern the co | construction linked paymaccordance with milestone he customer subject to pay till full payment is real entration of credit to a sing 419.72  5.10 424.82  92.19 92.19  | aent plans. In case is achieved as per syment of full value ised. Accordingly, if gle customer or grows and according to the customer o |
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| 1. The outs 2. The consider flat consider of consider    | real estate sales are made on the bastruction linked payment plans, invoice buyer agreement. The final possession sideration. The possession of the property does not expects any credit losses are generally made to individual customers  and cash equivalents  ances with banks eques, drafts on hand sh on hand  t tax assets (net)  refund receivable  assets  urrent vances to related parties | sis of cash down payment or is raised on the customer in of the property is offered to terty remains with the Compars.  tomers and there is no concert and the concert and there is no concert and the | construction linked paymaccordance with milestone he customer subject to pay till full payment is real notration of credit to a sing sing sing sing sing sing sing sing                                      | nent plans. In case<br>is achieved as per t<br>lyment of full value<br>ised. Accordingly, t  |

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#### 12. Equity Share Capital

| 12. Equity Sitale capitor   |                      |                      |                     |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
|   | As at<br>31-March-17 | As at<br>31-March-16 | As at<br>1-April-15 |
|   | Rs. in lakhs         | Rs. in lakhs         | Rs. in lakhs        |
| Authorised Share Capital  |                      |                      |                     |
| CLASS A - 27,20,101 fully paid equity shares of Rs. 10 each (as at 31 March, 2016: 27,20,101; as at 1 April, 2015: 27,20,101) | 272.01               | 272.01               | 272.01              |
| CLASS B - 7,40,000 fully paid equity shares of Rs. 10 each (as at 31 March, 2016: 7,40,000; as at 1 April, 2015: 7,40,000)    | 74.00                | 74.00                | 74.00               |
| March, 2016: 7,40,000; as at 1 April, 2013: 7,10,000;   | 346.01               | 346.01               | 346.01              |
| Issued, subscribed and fully-paid share capital   |                      |                      |                     |
| CLASS A - 27,20,101 fully paid equity shares of Rs. 10 each (as at 31 March, 2016: 27,20,101; as at 1 April, 2015: 27,20,101) | 272.01               | 272.01               | 272.01              |
| CLASS B - 5,61,951 fully paid equity shares of Rs. 10 each (as at 31  | 56,20                | 56.20                | 56.20               |
| March, 2016: 5,61,951; as at 1 April, 2015: 5,61,951)   | 328.21               | 328.21               | 328.21              |
| 12.1 - Reconciliation of share capital  |                      | N                    | Share Capital       |
|   |                      | Number of<br>Shares  | Rs. in lakhs        |

Balance as at April 1, 2015 Movements during the year Balance as at March 31, 2016 Movements during the year Balance as at March 31, 2017

| Number   | of Share Capital |
|----------|------------------|
| Share    | Rs. in lakhs     |
| 32,82,05 | 2 328.21         |
| 32,82,05 | 2 328.21         |
| 32,82,05 | 2 328.21         |
|          |                  |

## 12.2 - Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of equity shares

- i. Each equity holder of each class is entitled to one vote per share.
- Class B Shares are entitled to a dividend in preference to Class A shares as provided in the Shareholders Agreement dated January 6, 2011.

## 12.3 - Details of share held by the holding company, its subsidiaries and associates

| 12.3 - Details of Share had by the house                                   | As at<br>31-March-17  | As at<br>31-March-16 | As at<br>1-April-15 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
|  | No. of shares         | No. of shares        | No. of shares       |
| Parsynath Developers Limited, the Holding Company a. Class A Equity shares | 27,20,101<br>5,61,951 | 25,60,000            | 25,60,000           |
| b. Class B Equity Shares   | 32,82,052             | 25,60,000            | 25,60,000           |
| Subsidiaries of the holding Company  | -                     | · ·                  | 1/2                 |

## 12.4 Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5%

|   | As at March 31, 2017  |                  | As at Mai                | rch 31, 2016               | As at April 1, 2015      |                            |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | Number of shares held | % holding of     | Number of<br>shares held | % holding of equity shares | Number of<br>shares held | % holding of equity shares |
| Fully paid equity shares<br>Class A<br>Parsynath Developers Limited<br>Sterling Pathway | 27,20,101             | 100.00%<br>0.00% |                          | 94.11%<br>5.89%            | 25,60,000<br>1,60,101    |                            |
| Class B Parsvnath Developers Limited Sterling Pathway                                   | 5,61,951              | 100.00%<br>0.00% |                          | 0.00%<br>100.00%           | 5,61,950                 | 0.00%<br>100.00%           |

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Associates of the holding company

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## Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

|     |   | As at  31-March-17  Rs. in lakhs | As at<br>31-March-16<br>Rs. in lakhs | As at 1-April-15 Rs. in lakhs |
|-----|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 13. | Other equity                                    |                                  |                                      |                               |
|     | a. General reserve                              | 1,350.00                         | 1,350.00                             | 1,350.00                      |
|     | b. Securities premium reserve                   | 3,849.52                         | 3,849.52                             | 3,849.52                      |
|     | c. Debenture redemption reserve                 | 5,000.00                         | 7,379.14                             | 7,403.79                      |
|     | d. Retained earnings                            | 1,755.68<br>11,955.21            | 12,578.66                            | 12,603.31                     |
|     | a. General reserve                              |                                  |                                      |                               |
|     | Balance at the beginning of the year            | 1,350.00                         | 1,350.00                             | 1,350.00                      |
|     | Movement during the year                        |                                  | (5)                                  | -                             |
|     | Balance at the end of the year                  | 1,350.00                         | 1,350.00                             | 1,350.00                      |
|     | b. Securities premium reserve                   |                                  |                                      |                               |
|     | Balance at the beginning of the year            | 3,849.52                         | 3,849.52                             | 3,849.52                      |
|     | Movement during the year                        |                                  |                                      | 2.040.50                      |
|     | Balance at the end of the year                  | 3,849.52                         | 3,849.52                             | 3,849.52                      |
|     | c. Debenture redemption reserve                 |                                  |                                      |                               |
|     | Balance at the beginning of the year            | 32                               | -                                    | 5 <b>≅</b> 5                  |
|     | Transferred from retained earnings              | 5,000.00                         |                                      |                               |
|     | Balance at the end of the year                  | 5,000.00                         | -                                    | -                             |
|     | d. Retained earnings                            |                                  |                                      |                               |
|     | Balance at the beginning of the year            | 7,379.14                         | 7,403.79                             | 8,649.29                      |
|     | Profit/(loss) for the year  Less:               | (623.45)                         | (24.65)                              | (1,245.50)                    |
|     | Less: Transfer to debenture redemption reserves | 5,000.00                         | *                                    |                               |
|     | Balance at the end of the year                  | 1,755.68                         | 7,379.14                             | 7,403.79                      |

#### Nature and purpose of reserves:

- a. General reserve The Company has transferred a part of the net profit of the Company to general reserve.
- b. Securities premium reserve The amount received in excess of the face value of the equity shares issued by the Company is recognised in securities premium reserve.
- c. Debenture redemption reserve The amount has recognised debenture redemption reserve from its retained earnings. The amount of reserve is equivalent to 25% of the value of redeemable debentures issued by the Company. The reserve is to be utilised for the purpose of redemption of debentures.
- d. Retained earnings Retained earnings are profits of the Company earned till date less transfer to general reserve and debenture redemption reserve.

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#### Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

|     |   | As at<br>31-March-17<br>Rs. in lakhs | As at 31-March-16 Rs. in lakhs | As at<br>1-April-15<br>Rs. in lakhs |
|-----|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| . В | orrowings   |                                      |                                |                                     |
| N   | ion current   |                                      |                                |                                     |
|     | Insecured - at amortised cost 1. 15.25%, Convertible Debentures 31 March, 2017: Nil, 31 March, 2016: 75,78,264, 1 April, 2015: 75,78,264 fully and compulsorily convertible debentures of Rs. 100 each.   |                                      | 7,578.26                       | 7,578.26                            |
| 5   | Secured - at amortised cost   |                                      |                                |                                     |
| а   | . Term loans - other than banks Less current maturities of long term borrowings   | <b>®</b> /2                          | 4,666.67<br>4,666.67           | 4,666.67<br>4,666.67                |
|     | Term loan is secured by an exclusive first charge and English mortgage (without possession) over all the assets present and future, properties including lease hold interest on the project land of 'La Tropicana project', receivables, present and future and further secured by guarantee of Holding Company Parsvnath Developers Limited along with pledge of all Class A shares of the Company held by its Holding Company. The term loan carry interest @ 11.02 % plus 3 months MIBOR which is presently 19.67% and is repayable by twelve equal quarterly instalment by the end of financial year 2014-2015 and first instalment commencing from 31 March, 2012. |                                      |                                |                                     |
| t   | 2,000 Non-Convertible Debentures<br>2,000 Non-Convertible debentures of Rs. 10,00,000<br>each, 31 March, 2016: Nil, 1 April, 2015: Nil  | 20,177.98                            | 4                              | -                                   |
|     |   | 20,177.98                            | 7,578.26                       | 7,578.26                            |

2000 16% Listed Redeemable Non –Convertible Debentures of face value Rs. 10.00 lakhs for cash aggregating to Rs. 20,000.00 lakhs were issued on 13<sup>th</sup> October, 2016.

The rate of Interest is 16% per annum for a period of 36 months from the date of issue and 18% per annum for the period starting from the expiry of 36 months from the date of issue and ending on the final settlement date.

There is a moratorium period of 12 months from the date of issue on the payment of interest.

The maturity date shall be on the expiry of 36 months from the date of issue and can be at the option of the Debenture Holders extended for a period of 6 months.

On the maturity date, redemption premium of Rs. 2,300.00 lakhs is payable and in the event that the entire amount is prepaid within a period of 24 months from the issue date then the redemption premium payable shall stand reduced to Rs. 1,300.00 lakhs.

The Loan is secured by (a) First charge over Company's assets, present and future, including underlying land of the project and Jodhpur project of Parsvnath Developers Limited (b) First charge over all accounts established in relation to the proceeds of the Project and the Debentures, cash flows and distributions, agreements and other rights and properties of the Company and all monies, securities, instruments and/or cash equivalents deposited or required to be deposited in the bank accounts of the Company; and (c) First charge over all receivables of the Project and Jodhpur Project (specified units) (d) First charge over (i) all shareholder loans advanced to the Company; (ii) the Company's rights and interests under all approvals, insurance contracts, project documents and any completion guarantees provided in relation to project documents; (iii) pledge over all shares of the Company held by Parsvnath Developers Limited; (iv) guarantees given by Parsvnath Developers Limited and Mr. Pradeep Jain, Chairman of Parsvnath Developers Limited.

Current Unsecured a. Bank overdrafts

2.69

2.69

Total

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Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

|              | : <u>-</u>   | As at<br>31-March-17<br>Rs. in lakhs | As at 31-March-16 Rs. in lakhs | As at<br>1-April-15<br>Rs. in lakhs |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 15.          | Trade payables   |                                      |                                |                                     |
|              | Current Trade Payables   | 1,128.03                             | 1,261.08                       | 1,220.42                            |
|              | ×  | 1,128.03                             | 1,261.08                       | 1,220.42                            |
|              | Note: As per the information available with the Company, trade payables do not include any amount due to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Developments Act, 2006' (MSMED Act, 2006) and no interest has been paid or payable in terms of MSMED Act, 2006. |                                      |                                |                                     |
| 16.          | Other financial liabilities  |                                      |                                |                                     |
|              | Current  |                                      | 4,666.67                       | 4,666.67                            |
|              | a. Current maturities of long term debt  | =                                    | 4,000.07                       | 4,000.07                            |
|              | <ul> <li>b. Interest accrued:</li> <li>i. Interest accrued but not due on borrowings</li> </ul>  | 1,490.41                             | <b>a</b>                       | 199.47                              |
|              | ii. Interest accrued and due on borrowings   | ¥                                    | 3,795.23                       | 2,539.38                            |
|              | c. Others:   | 7.11                                 | 85.71                          | 148.15                              |
|              | i. Due to related parties  | 263.47                               | 298.46                         | 213.99                              |
|              | Refund due to customers     iii. Security deposits received  | 178.13                               | 170.60                         | 172.08                              |
|              | III. Security deposits received  | 1,939.12                             | 9,016.67                       | 7,939.74                            |
| L7.          | Other liabilities  |                                      |                                |                                     |
|              | Current  |                                      | 65.49                          | 50.70                               |
|              | a. Advances from customers   | 74.11<br>126.06                      | 303.87                         | 224.25                              |
|              | b. Statutory dues (Withholding tax etc.)   | 200.17                               | 369.36                         | 274.9                               |
| L <b>8</b> . | Provisions   |                                      |                                |                                     |
|              | Current  |                                      | 0.24                           | 3,68                                |
|              | a. Employee benefits   | 0.58                                 | 0.21                           | 3.68                                |
|              | 7  | 0.58                                 | U.ZI_                          |                                     |
|              | A  |                                      |                                |                                     |

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## Parsynath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

|  | As at 31-March-17 Rs. In lakhs | As at<br>31-March-16<br>Rs. In lakhs | As at<br>1-April-15<br>Rs. In lakhs |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ). Deferred tax assets ( net)                    |                                |                                      |                                     |
| Deferred tax assets                              | 661.60                         | 574.57                               | 568.38                              |
| Deferred tax liabilities                         |                                | :#:                                  |                                     |
| Net  | 661.60                         | 574.57                               | 568.38                              |
|  | Opening<br>Balance             | Recognised in<br>Profit or loss      | Closing<br>balance                  |
| Year ended 31 March, 2017                        |                                |                                      |                                     |
| Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to |                                | 0.30                                 | 0.36                                |
| Property, Plant and Equipment                    | 0.06                           | (0.68)                               | 7.93                                |
| Defined benefit obligation                       | 8.61<br>8.67                   | (0.38)                               | 8.29                                |
|  | 565.90                         | 87.41                                | 653.31                              |
| Tax losses                                       | 574.57                         | 87.02                                | 661.60                              |
| Year ended 31 March, 2016                        |                                |                                      |                                     |
| Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to |                                | (1.12)                               | 0.06                                |
| property, plant and equipment                    | 1.19                           | (1.13)<br>(1.32)                     | 8.61                                |
| Defined benefit obligation                       | 9.93                           | (2.45)                               | 8.67                                |
|  | 557.26                         | 8.64                                 | 565.90                              |
| Tax losses                                       | 568.38                         | 6.19                                 | 574.57                              |

#### Notes:

The Company has tax losses of Rs. 2,114.26 lakhs (31 March, 2016 - Rs. 1,434.72 lakhs, 1 April, 2015 - Rs. 1,405.87 lakhs) that are available for offsetting for eight years against future taxable income of the Company. The losses will expire as under:

|                            | Rs. in lakins |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Year ending 31 March, 2022 | 129.35        |
|                            | 1.276.52      |
| Year ending 31 March, 2023 | 28.85         |
| Year ending 31 March, 2024 |               |
| Year ending 31 March, 2025 | 679.54        |

2. The Company has recognised deferred tax assets on its unabsorbed depreciation and business losses carried forward. The Company has executed flat / plot sale agreements with the customers against which the Company has also received advances, as disclosed in Note 17 of the financial statements. Revenue in respect of such sale agreements will get recognised in future years on percentage completion method. Based on these sale agreements, the Company has certainty as on the date of the balance sheet, that there will be sufficient taxable income available to realise such assets in the near future. Accordingly, the Company has created deferred tax assets on its carried forward unabsorbed depreciation and business losses.

 The recognition of deferred tax assets on tax losses is based on detailed budgets prepared by the Company has have been approved by the board of directors

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Parsynath Landmark Developers Private Limited
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

|  | Year ended<br>31 March. 2017<br>Rs. in lakhs   | Year ended<br>31 March, 2016<br>Rs. in lakhs |
|--|--|--|
| Revenue from Operations  |  |  |
| - Dovonue from operations  | 1,524.33   | 3,641.42                                     |
| Other operating revenue:   |  |  |
|  | 1.82   | 15.67  |
| ii. Miscellaneous income   | -  | 1.19   |
| Total  | 1,526.15   | 3,658.28                                     |
|  |  |  |
| <b>Note:</b> Revenue from sale of properties comprise revenue recognised on Real Estate Projects on 'Percentage of completion method'  |  |  |
| Other income   |  |  |
| a. Interest income:  | 25.75  | 10.75  |
| I. From Customers  | 1,70   |  |
| Total  | 27.45  | 10.75  |
| Employee benefits expense  |  |  |
| Employee seneme expense  | 10 54  | 11.13  |
| a. Salaries and Wages  |  | 0.0  |
| b. Staff welfare expenses  | 10.55  | 11.20  |
| Finance costs  |  |  |
| a. Interest expenses:  | 1 428 60   | 1,110.4                                      |
| i. On borrowings   |  | 53.3   |
| ii. On delayed payment of statutory unes   | <u>2.55</u>  | 2.7  |
| b. Other borrowing cost  | 1,457.42   | 1,166.5                                      |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense  |  | 4  |
| a. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment   | 6.15   | 4.1  |
|  | 6.15   | 4.1  |
| Other expenses   |  |  |
| a Power and fuel   | 35.92  | 93.1   |
| h Travelling and conveyance  | 0.01   | 0.0  |
| D  | 28.82  | 20.6   |
| d. Insurance   |  | 15.4<br>16.4                                 |
| e. Rates and Taxes   |  | 0.2  |
| f. Postage and telegram  |  | 0.6  |
| q. Printing and stationery   |  | 369.6  |
| A safe and the saf | 4  | 4.9  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |  | 2.!  |
| Advertisement and publicity  Advertisement and publicity   | -  | 1.4  |
| Payment to auditors (see note below)   | 7.00   | 12.:   |
| m. Legal and professional charges  |  | 72.6<br>29.2                                 |
| n. Project consultancy fee   |  | 29.4<br>54.3                                 |
| o. Miscellaneous expenses  | 281.17   | 693.3  |
| Payment to auditors (net of service tax credit)  |  | 40.4   |
| i. Statutory audit fee   | 7.00   | 12.0<br>0.:                                  |
| ii. Out of pocket expenses   | 7.00   | 12.1   |
| A  | 7.00   |  |
|  | Revenue from Operations  a. Revenue from operations b. Other operating revenue: i. Scrap Sales ii. Miscellaneous income  Total  Note: Revenue from sale of properties comprise revenue recognised on Real Estate Projects on 'Percentage of completion method'  Other income  a. Interest income: i. From customers ii. On income tax refund  Total  Employee benefits expense  a. Salaries and Wages b. Staff welfare expenses  Finance costs  a. Interest expenses: i. On borrowings ii. On delayed payment of statutory dues b. Other borrowing cost  Depreciation and amortisation expense  a. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment  Other expenses a. Power and fuel b. Travelling and conveyance c. Repair and maintenance d. Insurance d. Insurance d. Rates and Taxes f. Postage and telegram q. Printing and stationery h. Compensation to customers i. Sales commission j. Business Promotion k. Advertisement and publicity l. Payment to auditors (see note below) m. Legal and professional charges n. Project consultancy fee o. Miscellaneous expenses  Payment to auditors (net of service tax credit) i. Statutory audit fee | Revenue from Operations   1,524,33           |

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#### Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

|           |   | Year ended<br>31 March, 2017<br>Rs. in lakhs | Year ended 31 March, 2016 Rs. in lakhs |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| 5. Inc    | come taxes  |  |  |
| A.        | Income tax recognised in profit and loss  |  |  |
|           | Current tax   |  |  |
|           | In respect of the current year Tax adjustment of previous year                                      | 4.85<br>4.85                                 |  |
|           | <b>Deferred tax</b> In respect of the current year  | (87.02)<br>(87.02)                           | (6.19)<br>( <b>6.19</b> )              |
|           | Total income tax expense recognised in the Profit and loss  | (82.18)                                      | (6.19)                                 |
| В.        | Reconciliation of income tax expense with accounting pro-   | fit  |  |
| i.        | Profit/(loss) before tax  | (705.63)                                     | (30.84)                                |
| i.<br>ii. | Income tax expense calculated at 30.9%<br>Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining | (211.69)                                     | (9،25)                                 |
|           | taxable income  |  | 3.07                                   |
| iii.      | Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation to the current tax of previous years         | 4.85   |  |
| iv.       | Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation to the deferred tax of previous years        | 124.66                                       |  |
|           | Total income tax expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss (i to iv)                   | (82.18)                                      | (6.19)                                 |

The tax rate used for the years 2016-2017 and 2015-2016 reconciliations above is the corporate tax rate of 30% plus education cess of 3% on corporate tax, payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax law

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#### Parsynath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

| 27. | Contingent liabilities   | As at 31 March, 2017 Rs. in lakhs | As at<br>31 March, 2016<br>Rs. in lakhs | As at 1 April, 2015 Rs. in lakhs |
|-----|--|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
|     | Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts - Customers complaints pending in consumer court    | 1,417.52                          | 1,574.63                                | 820.71                           |
|     | <ul> <li>Demand raised by Income tax authorities for which the<br/>Company has gone in appeal</li> </ul> | 1,417.52                          | 3.04<br>1,577.67                        | 3.04<br>823.75                   |

#### Note:

It is not possible for the Company to estimate cash outflows. The extent to which an outflow of funds will be required is dependent on the pending resolution of the respective proceedings/legal cases and it is determinable on receipt of judgement/ decision pending with various forums/authorities/court.

#### 28 Commitments

The Company does not have any significant financial commitments.

- 29. The National Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission (NCDRC) vide its interim order passed on 19 July 2015 in connection with a complaint filed by Resident Welfare Association (RWA) for delay in handing over of possession of La-Tropicana project, has given interim relief to complainants by way of compensation as agreed in the flat buyer agreement. The company has paid the compensation in accordance with the interim order and the amount paid has been charged to the statement of profit and loss. Actual liability may vary on receipt of final order.
- 30 The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 31. Details of borrowing cost capitalised during the year

| Year ended<br>31 March, 2017 | Year ended<br>31 March, 2016 |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Rs. in lakhs                 | Rs. in lakhs<br>63.88        |

#### Inventory

#### 32. Employee benefit plan

The Company offers its employees defined benefit plan in the form of a gratuity scheme. Benefits under gratuity scheme are based on year's of service and employee remuneration. The scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while on employment, resignation or on termination of employment.

Amount is equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of 6 months. Vesting occurs upon completion of 5 years of continuous service.

The following table sets out the amount recognised in respect of gratuity in the financial statements:

|  | As at<br>31 March, 2017 | As at<br>31 March, 2016 | As at<br>1 April, 2015 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
|  | Rs. in lakhs            | Rs. in lakhs            | Rs. in lakhs           |
|  | -                       | 2.86                    | 2.15                   |
| Liability at the beginning of the year   | 0.31                    | (0.94)                  | 0.71                   |
| Current service cost   |                         | 1.92                    | •                      |
| Paid during the year   | 0.31                    | 9                       | 2.86                   |
| Liability at the end of the year Expensed recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 0.31                    | (0.94)                  | 0.71                   |

#### 34. Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the business of 'Real Estate'. For management purposes, there is single reportable segment. Accordingly disclosure required by Ind AS 108 'Operating Segment" have not been provided in the financial statements.

The Company operates in single geographical area of India. Accordingly, geographical information has not been reported.

There is no single customer contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue during the year 2016-17 and 2015-16.

#### 35. Earnings per share

|      | ngs per snore  |                 | As at<br>31 March, 2017 | As at<br>31 March, 2016 |
|------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| l.   | Net loss for calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share     | Rs. In<br>lakhs | (623.45)                | (24.65)                 |
| ii.  | Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year | Number          | 32,82,052               | 32,82,052               |
| iii. | Basic and diluted earnings per share                                 | Rs.             | (19.00)                 | (0.75)                  |
| iv.  | Nominal value of equity shares                                       | Rs.             | 10                      | 10                      |

#### 36. Disclosure of Specified Bank Notes (SBN)

Details of 'Specified Bank Notes' (SBN) held and transacted during the period from 8 November, 2016 to 30 December, 2016 is given below:

| Partic | culars                                 | SBNs<br>Rs.in lakhs | Other<br>denomination<br>notes<br>Rs.in lakhs | Total<br>Rs.in lakhs |
|--------|--|---------------------|---|----------------------|
| Closin | g Cash in hand as on 8 November, 2016  | 6.58                | 0.72  | 0.72                 |
| (+)    | Amount withdrawn from bank             |                     | 3.25  | 3.25                 |
| (+)    | Permitted receipts                     | -                   |   | 7                    |
| (-)    | Permitted payments                     | 6.58                | 0.03  | 0.03                 |
| (-)    | Amount deposited in bank               | 3                   | -   | -                    |
| Closin | g Cash in hand as on 30 December, 2016 | -                   | 3.94  | 3.94                 |

#### Note:

For the purposes of this note, the term 'Specified Bank Notes' shall have the same meaning provided in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs number S.O. 3407(E), dated the 8 November, 2016

#### 37. Reconciliation of equity and net profit under previous GAAP and Ind AS

Reconciliation of net profit /(loss) under previously applicable Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Previous GAAP") with

| Particulars   | Year ended<br>31.03.2016 |
|---|--------------------------|
| * ·   | Rs.in lakhs              |
| Net profit for the year under previous GAAP         | (24,65)                  |
| Adjustments<br>Net profit for the year under Ind AS | (24.65)                  |

Reconciliation of equity under Ind AS with equity reported under previous GAAP is as under:

| Particulars                 | Year ended<br>31.03.2016 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
|                             | Rs.in lakhs              |
| Equity as per previous GAAP | 12,906.87                |
| Ind AS Adjustments          |                          |
| Equity as per Ind AS        | 12,906.87                |

38. Corporate social responsibility

In terms of provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company was not required to spend any amount on activities relating to Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR).

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#### 33. Related party disclosures

#### a. List of related parties

Holding Company
- Parsvnath Developers limited (PDL)

ii. Fellow Subsidiary Company
Parsvnath Rail Land Project Pvt Ltd (PRLPPL)
Parsvnath Buildweli Pvt Ltd (PBPL)

# iii. Companies having significant influence - Sterling Pathway (SP)\* - Banrod Investments Limited (BIL)\*\*

(\*Ceased to have significant influence w.e.f 02nd November, 2016) (\*\*Ceased to have significant influence w.e.f 28th September, 2016)

| b. Ba | lances outstanding/transactions with rel              | ated parties<br>Holding<br>Company | Fellow su<br>Comp |                  | Significant           | influence        |
|-------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|       |   | PDL                                | PBPL              | PRLPPL           | BIL                   | SP               |
|       |   | Rs. In lakhs                       | Rs. In lakhs      | Rs. In lakhs     | Rs. In lakhs          | Rs. In lakhs     |
| i.    | Transactions during the year                          |                                    |                   |                  |                       |                  |
|       | Interest on debentures provided/<br>reversed          | (-)                                | (-)               | (-)              | -1,281.12<br>(284.96) | 1,755.16<br>(-)  |
|       | Short-term loan repaid                                | 195.38<br>(62.44)                  | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Advance received                                      | 116.79<br>(-)                      | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Advance against properties                            | (351.01)                           | ( <del>-</del> )  | (-)              | (-)<br>(-)            | (-)              |
|       | Advance for land purchase returned                    | 3,961.17<br>(533.57)               | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Purchase of finished goods<br>(including service tax) | 5,785.50<br>(-)                    | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Security Deposit given                                | 10,725.00                          | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Security deposit returned                             | 7,725.09<br>(-)                    | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Redemption of Debentures                              | 7,578.26<br>(-)                    | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Non Convertible Debentures Issued                     | (-)                                | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | 20,177.98<br>(-) |
|       | Transfer of liabilities                               | (-)                                | (-)               | 2.02<br>(-)      | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Sale of goods   | (-)                                | 2.00<br>(-)       |                  | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Financial Guarantees                                  | 15,333.33<br>(-)                   | (-)               | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
| ii.   | Balances at year-end                                  |                                    |                   | 2.02             |                       | :2:              |
|       | Creditors   | (0.55)<br><i>0.55</i>              | (-)               | 2.02<br>(-)<br>- | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Short term borrowings                                 | 7.11<br>(85.71)<br>148.15          | (-)<br>-          | (-)              | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Advance for land purchase                             | (3,961.17)<br><i>4,143.7</i> 2     | (-)               |                  | (-)                   | (-)              |
|       | Interest accrued but not due on debenture             | (-)                                | (-)               | (-)<br>-         | (-)<br>199.47         | 1,490.41<br>(-)  |
|       | 7   |                                    |                   | <i>)</i>         | 1                     |                  |

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Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial Statements for the year ended 31 March,2017

|  | PDL                    | PBPL            | PRLPPL         | BIL                      | SP           |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|
|  | Rs. In lakhs           | Rs. In lakhs    | Rs. In lakhs   | Rs. In lakhs             | Rs. In lakhs |
| Interest accrued and due on debentures | ( )                    | <u>.</u><br>(-) | <u></u><br>(-) | (1,281.12)               | (-)          |
|  | (-)<br>-               | (-)<br>         | •              | 1,281.12                 | - /          |
| Fully Convertible Debentures issued    |                        |                 |                | \ <del>.</del>           | (-)          |
| ,                                      | (-)<br>=               | (-)             | (-)            | (7,578,26)<br>- 7,578.26 | (-)          |
| Non Convertible Debentures Issued      |                        | =               | ĕ,             | 121                      | 20,177.98    |
|  | (-)                    | (-)<br>:-       | (-)<br>=       | (-)                      | (-)          |
| Trade Receivables                      | 225.52                 | 2.00            | -              | 1,0                      | 4.3          |
|  | (-)                    | (-)             | (-)            | (-)<br>-:                | (-)<br>-     |
| Security Deposit                       | 3,000.00               | 78              |                | -                        | -            |
| 333.11, 23,231.1                       | (-)                    | (-)             | (-)<br>=       | (-)                      | (-)          |
| Financial Guarantees                   | 20,000.00              |                 | 2.00           | -                        | ×            |
| I Halical Gualances                    | (4,666.67)<br>4,666.67 | (-)             | (-)            | (-)                      | (-)<br>-     |

1 Related party transactions entered during the year were in ordinary course of business and are on arm's length basis

2 Figures in brackets represent figures as at and for the year ended 31 March, 2016 and figures in italics represents balances as at 1 April, 2015

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

All related party transactions entered during the year were in ordinary course of business and are on arm's length basis. Loans given to wholly owned subsidiaries are unsecured and interest free. For the year ended 31 March, 2017, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables from related parties (31 March, 2016 - Nil: 1 April, 2015 Nil). The Company makes this assessment each financial year through examination of the financial position of the related party and the market condition in which the related party operates.

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# Parsvnath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017

#### 40 Financial Risk Management

The Company's business operations are exposed to various financial risks such as liquidity risk, market risks, credit risk, interest rate risk, funding risk etc. The Company's financial liabilities mainly includes borrowings taken for the purpose of financing company's operations. Financial assets mainly includes trade receivables and other financial assets.

The Company has a system based approach to financial risk management. The Company has internally instituted an integrated financial risk management framework comprising identification of financial risks and creation of risk management structure. The financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies on risk management. Key financial risks and mitigation plans are reviewed by the board of directors of the Company.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may face to meet its obligations for financial liabilities. The objective of liquidity risk management is that the Company has sufficient funds to meet its liabilities when due. The Company is under stressed conditions, which has resulted in delays in meeting its liabilities. The Company, regularly monitors the cash outflow projections and arrange funds to meet its liabilities.

The following table summarises the maturity analysis of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash outflows:

|                             |                 |                          |                         | Rs. in lakhs                 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
|                             | Carrying amount | Payable within<br>1 year | Payable in<br>1-3 years | Payable more<br>than 3 years |
| As at 31 March, 2017        |                 |                          |                         |                              |
| Borrowings                  | 20,177.98       | 1.92                     | 20,177.98               | Ė                            |
| Trade payables              | 1,128.03        | 1,128.03                 | *                       | ¥                            |
| Other financial liabilities | 1,939.12        | 1,760.99                 | 178.13                  | -                            |
| Other manical madmines      | 23,245.13       | 2,889.02                 | 20,356.11               | =                            |
| As at 31 March, 2016        |                 |                          |                         |                              |
| Borrowings                  | 7,578.26        | 14                       | 7,578.26                |                              |
| Trade payables              | 1,261.08        | 1,261.08                 |                         | ≅                            |
| Other financial liabilities | 9,016.67        | 8,846.07                 | 170.60                  | <u> </u>                     |
| Other Interior (Identices   | 17,856.01       | 10,107.15                | 7,748.86                |                              |
| As at 01 April, 2015        |                 |                          |                         |                              |
| Borrowings                  | 7,580.95        | -                        | 7,580.95                | =                            |
| Trade payables              | 1,220.42        |                          |                         | =                            |
| Other financial liabilities | 7,939.74        |                          | 172.08                  |                              |
| Cita interior repries       | 16,741.11       | 8,988.08                 | 7,753.03                | 7=                           |

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in market prices i.e. interest rate risk and price risk.

#### A. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company is mainly exposed to the interest rate risk due to its borrowings. The Company manages its interest rate risk by having fixed rate borrowings. The Company does not enter into any interest rate swaps.

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#### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The exposure of the company's borrowing to interest rate change at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

|                               | As at 31<br>March, 2017 | As at 31<br>March, 2016 | As at 1<br>April, 2015 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| *                             | Rs. in lakhs            | Rs. in lakhs            | Rs. in lakhs           |
| Variable rate borrowings      |                         |                         |                        |
| Long Term                     | -                       | π.                      | =                      |
| Short Term                    | <del>-</del>            | 2                       | -                      |
| Total Variable rate Borrowing | -                       |                         | ¥                      |
| Fixed Rate Borrowings         | 20.477.00               | 7 570 26                | 7,578.26               |
| Long Term                     | 20,177.98               | 7,578.26                | •                      |
| Short Term                    | -                       | =                       | 2.69                   |
| Total Fixed rate Borrowing    | 20,177.98               | 7,578.26                | 7,580.95               |
| Total Borrowing               | 20,177.98               | 7,578.26                | 7,580.95               |

Sensitivity

Variable Interest rate loans are exposed to interest rate risk, the impact on profit or loss before tax maybe as follows

|   | Year ended<br>31 March, 2017 | Year ended<br>31 March, 2016 |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|   | Rs. in lakhs                 | Rs. in lakhs                 |
| Increase in interest rate by 1 % Decrease in interest rate by 1 % | -201.78<br>201.78            | -75.78<br>75.78              |

#### B. Price risk

The Company has very limited exposure to price sensitive securities, hence price risk is not material.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that customer or counter-party will not meet its obligation under the contract, leading to financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk for receivables from its real estate customers and refundable security deposits.

Customers credit risk is managed, generally by receipt of sale consideration before handing over of possession and/or transfer of legal ownership rights. The Company credit risk with respect to customers is diversified due to large number of real estate projects with different customers spread over different geographies.

Based on prior experience and an assessment of the current receivables, the management believes that there is no credit risk and accordingly no provision is required. The ageing of trade receivables is as below:

|                                    | As at 31     | As at 31     | As at 1      |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                    | March, 2017  | March, 2016  | April, 2015  |
|                                    | Rs. in lakhs | Rs. in lakhs | Rs. in lakhs |
| Outstanding for more than 6 months | 2,533.14     | 3,383.43     | 4,232.91     |
| Outstanding for 6 months or less   | 225.52       | 1.74         | 204.13       |
|                                    | 2,758.66     | 3,385.17     | 4,437.04     |

#### 41 Capital Management

For the purpose of capital management, capital includes equity capital, share premium and retained earnings. The Company maintains balance between debt and equity. The Company monitors its capital management by using a debt-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total capital.

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Parsynath Landmark Developers Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March,2017.

39 Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by categories is as follows:

|  |           | As at<br>31-March-17 | t<br>h-17 |              |           | As at<br>31-March-16 | 10      |       |           | As at<br>1 April, 2015 | 2015    |       |
|--|-----------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|-------|-----------|------------------------|---------|-------|
|  | Total     | Amortised Cost       | At cost   | FVTPL        | Total     | Amortised Cost       | At cost | FVTPL | Total     | Amortised<br>Cost      | At cost | FVTPL |
| Financial assets                                 |           | 33                   |           |              |           |                      |         |       |           |                        |         |       |
|  | 2 758 66  | 2 758 66             | ()        | 334          | 3.385.17  |                      | ×       |       | 4,437.04  | 4,437.04               | ×       |       |
| Trade receivables                                | 5.40      | 6.40                 | ⊕(1∎      | E [9         | 424.82    |                      | ž       | į.    | 112.24    | 112.24                 | •01     |       |
| Cash and cash equivalents Other financial assets | 3,004.42  | 3,004.42             | (90)      | 110 <b>1</b> | 20.32     | 20.32                | *       | ٠     | 20.32     | 20.32                  |         |       |
| Total financial assets                           | 5,769,48  | 5,769.48             | Ξŧ        | ĸ            | 3,830.31  | 3,830.31             | ×       |       | 4,569.60  | 4,569.60               |         |       |
|  |           |                      |           |              |           |                      |         |       |           |                        |         |       |
| Financial liabilities                            | 30 177 OF | 20 177.98            |           | ٠            | 7.578.26  | 7,578,26             |         | Ü     | 7,580.95  | 7,580.95               | æ       |       |
| Borrowings<br>Toda Barrables                     | 1 1 28 03 | 1.128.03             |           |              | 1,261.08  | 1,261.08             | ٠       |       | 1,220.42  | 1,220.42               |         |       |
| other financial liabilities                      | 1,939.12  | 1,939.12             | • •si     |              | 9.016.67  | 9,016.67             |         |       | 7,939.74  | 7,939,74               |         |       |
| Tatal Garagia Habilities                         | 25 745 42 | 22 245 40            |           |              | 17 056 01 | 17 056 01            | 9       |       | 16.741.11 | 16.741.11              | •       |       |

The Company has disclosed financial instruments such as trade receivables, other financial assets, trade payables, borrowings and other financial liabilities at carrying value because their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of the fair values.

The debt-equity ratio at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

|   | As at 31<br>March, 2017 | As at 31<br>March, 2016 | As at 1<br>April, 2015 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
|   | Rs. in lakhs            | Rs. in lakhs            | Rs. in lakhs           |
| Borrowings:   | 20,177.98               | 7,578.26                | 7 <b>,</b> 578.26      |
| - Long term   | 20,177.98               | 7,376.20                | 2.69                   |
| <ul> <li>Short term</li> <li>Current maturities of long term</li> <li>borrowings</li> </ul> |                         | 4,666.67                | 4,666.67               |
| Total borrowings - A  | 20,177.98               | 12,244.93               | 12,247.62              |
| Equity  | ana 04                  | 220.24                  | 220.21                 |
| - Share capital<br>- Other equity   | 328.21<br>11,955.21     | 328.21<br>12,578.66     | 328.21<br>12,603.31    |
| Total Equity - B  | 12,283.41               | 12,906.87               | 12,931.52              |
| Debt to equity ratio (A/B)  | 1.64                    | 0.95                    | 0.95                   |

#### 42 First time Ind AS reconciliation

There is no impact on balance sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss due to adoption of Ind AS

#### 43. Events after the reporting period

There are no event observed after the reported period which have an impact on the Company's operation.

#### 44. Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by Board of Directors on 29 May, 2017.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashish Jain Director

DIN: 06814151

Yogesh Jain Director

DIN: 00088662

Atul Kumar Guota Company Secretary

Place: Delhi

Date: 29 May, 2017